

प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग, बागमती

नेपाल इन्जिनियरिङ्ग सेवा, सिभिल समूह अन्तर्गतका पाँचौं तहको ल्याब टेक्सिनियन पदको खुला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

**परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)**

पाठ्यक्रमको रूपरेखा: यस पाठ्यक्रमको आधारमा निम्नानुसार चरणमा परीक्षा लिइने छः

प्रथम चरण:	लिखित परीक्षा	पूर्णाङ्क: १००
द्वितीय चरण:	अन्तर्वार्ता	पूर्णाङ्क: २०

प्रथम चरण: लिखित परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)

विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	उत्तीर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	प्रश्न संख्या अङ्कभार	समय
सेवा सम्बन्धी	१००	४०	वस्तुगत बहुउत्तर (Multiple Choice)	५० प्रश्न X २ अङ्क = १००	४५ मिनेट

द्वितीय चरण:

विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली
व्यक्तिगत अन्तर्वार्ता	२०	मौखिक

**द्रष्टव्य:**

- लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अंग्रेजी दुवै हुनेछ ।
- लिखित परीक्षामा यथासम्भव निम्नानुसार प्रश्नहरू सोधिनेछ ।

Part	I Civil Engineering			II Highway Engineering				III Laboratory Testing					
	१	२	३	४	५	६	७	८	९	१०	११	१२	१३
पाठ्यक्रमका एकाइ	१	२	३	४	५	६	७	८	९	१०	११	१२	१३
प्रश्न संख्या	३	४	५	३	२	४	६	३	३	५	४	४	४

- वस्तुगत बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरूको गलत उत्तर दिएमा प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर बापत २० प्रतिशत अङ्क कट्टा गरिनेछ । तर उत्तर नदिएमा त्यस बापत अङ्क दिइने छैन र अङ्क कट्टा पनि गरिने छैन ।
- बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरू हुने परीक्षामा कुनै प्रकारको क्याल्कुलेटर (Calculator) प्रयोग गर्न पाइने छैन ।
- यस पाठ्यक्रम योजना अन्तर्गतका पत्र/विषयका विषयवस्तुमा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापनि पाठ्यक्रममा परेका कानून, ऐन, नियम तथा नीतिहरू परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ महिना अगाडि (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधन भई हटाइएका वा थप गरी संशोधन भई) कायम रहेकालाई यस पाठ्यक्रममा परेको सम्झनु पर्दछ ।
- प्रथम चरणको परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारहरूलाई मात्र द्वितीय चरणको परीक्षामा सम्मिलित गराइनेछ ।
- पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति: २०७७/९/१२

## **Part I - Civil Engineering**

### **1. Estimating and Costing**

#### 1.1 Specifications

##### 1.1.1 Definition, Purpose, Types, Necessity

##### 1.1.2 Specification for Road Works Embankment construction, Sub-grade, Sub-bases, Surface dressing using hot bitumen (two coats), Premix carpet with hot bitumen, Cement concrete pavement

### **2. Construction Management**

#### 2.1 Organization

##### 2.1.1 Need for organization

##### 2.1.2 Responsibilities of a Lab Technician

##### 2.1.3 Relation between Client, Contractor and Consultant

#### 2.2 Labour Management and Occupational Health and Safety

##### 2.2.1 Organizing crew

##### 2.2.2 Accident prevention

#### 2.3 Planning and Control

##### 2.3.1 Construction schedule

##### 2.3.2 Equipment and materials schedule

##### 2.3.3 Construction stages and operations

##### 2.3.4 Bar chart

### **3. Soil Mechanics**

#### 3.1 General

##### 3.1.1 Soil types and classification

##### 3.1.2 Three phase system of soil

##### 3.1.3 Unit Weight of soil mass: bulk density, saturated density, submerged density and dry density

##### 3.1.4 Interrelationship between specific gravity, void ratio, porosity, degree of saturation, percentage of air, voids air content and density index

#### 3.2 Compaction of soil

##### 3.2.1 Factors affecting soil compaction

##### 3.2.2 Optimum moisture content

##### 3.2.3 Relation between dry density and moisture content

#### 3.3 Shear Strength of Soils

##### 3.3.1 Mohr-Coulomb failure theory

##### 3.3.2 Cohesion and angle of internal friction

#### 3.4 Foundation Engineering

##### 5.6.1 Terzaghi's general bearing capacity formulas and their application

## **Part II- Highway Engineering**

### **4. General**

- 4.1 Introduction to transportation systems
- 4.2 Historic development of roads
- 4.3 Classification of road in Nepal
- 4.4 Basic requirements of road alignment

### **5. Geometric Design**

- 5.1 Use of Nepal Road Standard, 2027(First Revision 2045) and subsequent revision in road design

### **6. Highway Materials**

- 6.1 Highway Construction Materials
  - 6.1.1 Mineral Materials, Binding Materials and materials of general construction purpose (stone, cement, bitumen and bricks)
- 6.2 Sub-grade soil
  - 6.2.1 Suitability, Classification
- 6.3 Stone aggregate
  - 6.3.1 Types, properties
- 6.4 Binding Materials (Bitumen)
  - 6.4.1 Types, suitability
- 6.5 Steel and Gabion wires
  - 6.5.1 Types, suitability

### **7. Road Pavements**

- 7.1 Definition, types, pavement structures (sub-grade, sub-base, base and wearing courses)
- 7.2 Road Machineries (Introduction, types, different compacting equipments)
- 7.3 Road Construction Technology
  - 7.3.1 Introduction, works involved in road construction earthwork, drainage and protection work, pavement work, miscellaneous works
  - 7.3.2 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of Earthen roads
  - 7.3.3 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of Graveled roads
  - 7.3.4 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of Soil Stabilized roads
  - 7.3.5 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of WBM roads
  - 7.3.6 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of Bituminous roads, Surface Dressing (Single and Double)
  - 7.3.7 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of Grouted or penetration macadam
  - 7.3.8 Construction material, equipment and procedure for construction of Otta seal surfacing

### Part III - Laboratory Testing

8. **Earth work:** Laboratory Testing procedure and equipments for
  - 8.1 Gradation, Identification
  - 8.2 Proctor compaction (Optimum moisture content & Maximum dry density)
  - 8.3 Plasticity Index
  - 8.4 Dynamic cone penetration
  - 8.5 California Bearing Ratio (CBR)
  - 8.6 Specific gravity
  
9. **Sub-base/base:** Laboratory Testing procedure and equipments for
  - 9.1 Gradation, Material identification
  - 9.2 Compaction (Maximum dry density & Optimum moisture content)
  - 9.3 California Bearing Ratio (CBR)
  - 9.4 Compaction-Field density test by sand replacement method/core cutter method
  - 9.5 Los-Angeles abrasion
  - 9.6 Aggregate impact value
  - 9.7 Aggregate crushing value
  
10. **Pavement**
  - 10.1 Aggregate: Laboratory Testing procedure and equipments for
    - 10.1.1 Los-Angeles abrasion
    - 10.1.2 Aggregate Impact value
    - 10.1.3 Aggregate crushing value
    - 10.1.4 Bitumen stripping value
    - 10.1.5 Flakiness Index
    - 10.1.6 Gradation
  - 10.2 Bitumen: Laboratory Testing procedure and equipments for
    - 10.2.1 Penetration
    - 10.2.2 Flash/Fire point test
    - 10.2.3 Specific gravity test
    - 10.2.4 Water content test
    - 10.2.5 Solubility test
    - 10.2.6 Ductility test
    - 10.2.7 Penetration of Residue after loss heating
    - 10.2.8 Softening point test
    - 10.2.9 Viscosity
    - 10.2.10 Loss on heating

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परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

- 11. Cement Concrete:** Laboratory Testing procedure and equipments for
  - 11.1 Normal consistency of cement
  - 11.2 Setting time of cement
  - 11.3 Compression test of cement mortar cube
  - 11.4 Slump test
  - 11.5 Compression test of concrete
  - 11.6 Gradation of sand & Aggregates
  - 11.7 Fineness modulus of sand
  - 11.8 Clay in sand
  - 11.9 Concrete mix design
  
- 12. Steel reinforcement and Gabion wire:** Laboratory Testing procedure and equipments for
  - 12.1 GI wire
    - 12.1.1 Zinc coating test
    - 12.1.2 Tensile strength test
    - 12.1.3 Uniformity test
    - 12.1.4 Adhesion test
  
  - 12.2 Steel reinforcement Bars
    - 12.2.1 Yield and ultimate tensile strength
    - 12.2.2 Elongation
  
- 13. Laboratory and Field Test**
  - 13.1 Benkelman's Beam test
  - 13.2 Surface distress Index
  - 13.3 Road Roughness Index
  - 13.4 Sampling Techniques of construction materials for highway and bridge works
  - 13.5 Quality Assurance Plan
  - 13.6 Quality control for Road and Bridge works

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